## THE EMDR INTEGRATIVE GROUP TREATMENT PROTOCOL FOR EARLY INTERVENTION AND THE EMDR INTEGRATIVE GROUP TRATMENT PROTOCOL ADAPTED FOR ONGOING TRAUMATIC STRESS

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Boston, MA.



# EMDR INTEGRATIVE GROUP TREATMENT PROTOCOL (EMDR-IGTP)



## The EMDR Integrative **Group Treatment Protocol** (EMDR-IGTP) for early intervention born under a mango tree as a roof and sea sand as a floor...

Jarero, I., & Artigas, L. (2009). EMDR integrative group treatment protocol. Journal of EMDR Practice & Research, 3(4), 287–288.



### Lucy Artigas (Butterfly Hug originator) during the Group Protocol Preparation Phase. Acapulco, 1998





## ... it was the first Early EMDR Group Intervention, created out of necessity by members of the Mexican Association for Mental Health Support in Crisis...

Jarero, I., & Artigas, L. (2009). EMDR integrative group treatment protocol. Journal of EMDR Practice & Research, 3(4), 287–288.



...when they were overwhelmed the by extensive need for mental services after health Hurricane Pauline ravaged the coasts of Oaxaca and Guerrero in 1997.

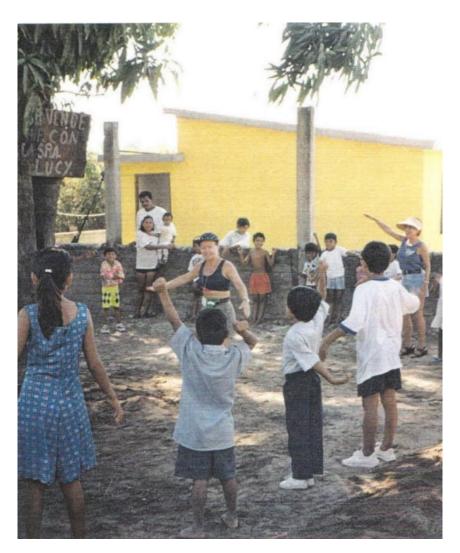
Jarero, I., & Artigas, L. (2009). EMDR integrative group treatment protocol. Journal of EMDR Practice & Research, 3(4), 287–288.



In the EMDR-IGTP, the group setting allows for a group administration of individual EMDR treatment, ensuring that many individuals can be treated simultaneously. This is highly valuable in settings where resources are limited.

Jarero et al. (in press) . EMDR Integrative Group Treatment Protocol for Cancer Patients. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*.

## Lucy Artigas (Butterfly Hug originator) during the Group Protocol Preparation Phase. Acapulco, 1998





Jarero et al. (2015) adapted the standard EMDR-IGTP for early intervention to treat population living with ongoing traumatic stress with no safety posttrauma period.

Jarero, I., Artigas, L., Uribe, S., García, L. E., Cavazos, M. A., & Givaudan, M. (2015). Pilot research study on the provision of the EMDR integrative group treatment protocol with female cancer patients. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*, 9(2), 98–105.



The adaptation was made to allow for the identification, targeting and processing of the continuum of multiple traumatic experiences faced by this population and not only one target per session.

Jarero, I., Artigas, L., Uribe, S., García, L. E., Cavazos, M. A., & Givaudan, M. (2015). Pilot research study on the provision of the EMDR integrative group treatment protocol with female cancer patients. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*, 9(2), 98–105.



## Boys and Girls doing the Butterfly Hug during the Group Protocol for the First Time in History. Acapulco, 1998





With the EMDR Integrative **Group Treatment Protocol Adapted for Ongoing Traumatic** (EMDR-IGTP-OTS), **Stress** individual EMDR treatment can be provided in a group setting to small (3-15) or large (16-50) groups of patients who have been through:

- a) The same type of ongoing or prolonged traumatic events or circumstances. These include: victims of constant violence (e.g., sexual abuse or severe interpersonal violence).
- b) At-risk personnel (e.g., agency and NGO staff dealing with natural disasters, violent conflicts, rape and domestic violence; emergency response personnel, military on duty),

- c) People undergoing life-changing experiences with ongoing traumatic stress or extreme stressors (e.g., refugees, internally displaced persons, long term disasters, prolonged violent conflicts or terrorism).
- d) People with diverse ongoing trauma histories with similar circumstance in common (e.g., chronic or severe illness; individuals, couples and families with ongoing domestic violence situations that have not been resolved and are still unsafe to some degree).

## Boys and Girls doing the Group Protocol for the First Time in History. Acapulco, 1998





The EMDR-IGTP administers the eight phases of EMDR Individual treatment to a group of patients, using an art therapy format (i.e., drawings, symbols) and the Butterfly Hug (BH), as a selfadministered bilateral stimulation method to process traumatic material.

Artigas, L., & Jarero, I. (2014). The Butterfly Hug. In M. Luber (Ed.). *Implementing EMDR Early Mental Health Interventions for Man-Made and Natural Disasters* (pp. 127-130). New York, NY: Springer.





ATLIXCO, PUEBLA (MEX). AFTER THE SEPTEMBER 19, 2017 EARTQUAKE



## EMDR-IGTP MAIN OBJECTIVES



#### **PROTOCOL MAIN OBJECTIVES**

- **Be** part of a comprehensive program (continuum of care) for trauma treatment.
- Treat individual trauma in a group setting.
- \*Reprocess traumatic memories.
- Reduce posttraumatic symptoms.
- Confront traumatic material.
- **❖**Bring to conscious awareness those aspects of the trauma that were dissociated.
- **❖** Facilitate the expression of painful emotions or shameful behaviors.

#### **PROTOCOL MAIN OBJECTIVES (cont.)**

- Condense the different aspects of trauma into representative and more manageable images.
- **❖**Increase patient's perception of mastery over the distressing elements of the traumatic experience.
- Offer the patient support and empathy.
- Identify those who need further assistance.
- **❖Normalize reactions: The patients can see that their reactions are normal since other patients are working on their memories in the same manner.**





**MANIZALES-COLOMBIA-2017** 

### EMDR-IGTP ADVANTAGES



- ✓ Treatment can be delivered in non-private settings such as under a mango tree, in shelters, open-air clinic, and so forth. Private settings are difficult to find in emergency situations.
- ✓ Patients in the group do not have to verbalize or write information about the trauma.
- ✓ The Protocol is suitable for large-scale posttraumatic situations and chaotic conditions.



- ✓ All treatment and memory exposure takes place in the affect-regulating presence of the therapists.
- ✓ Protocol is easily taught to both new and experienced EMDR practitioners.
- ✓ EMDR clinicians can be assisted by other specially trained professionals (e.g., social workers, nurses, first responders), in particular situations where the availability of clinicians is limited.

## Boys and Girls doing the Group Protocol Under a Mango Tree. Acapulco, 1998









BOYS AND GIRLS DOING THE IGTP IN A SHELTER. MEXICO CITY AFTER SEPTEMBER 19, 2017 EARTHQUAKE.

The disturbing memory is not visualized mentally as in the standard EMDR protocol, instead is represented concretely in the participant's drawings or symbols.

✓ Relying on drawings presents a special advantage to provide culturally sensitive and effective treatment for patients who struggle to connect to their cognitive states or feel guilty or ashamed.

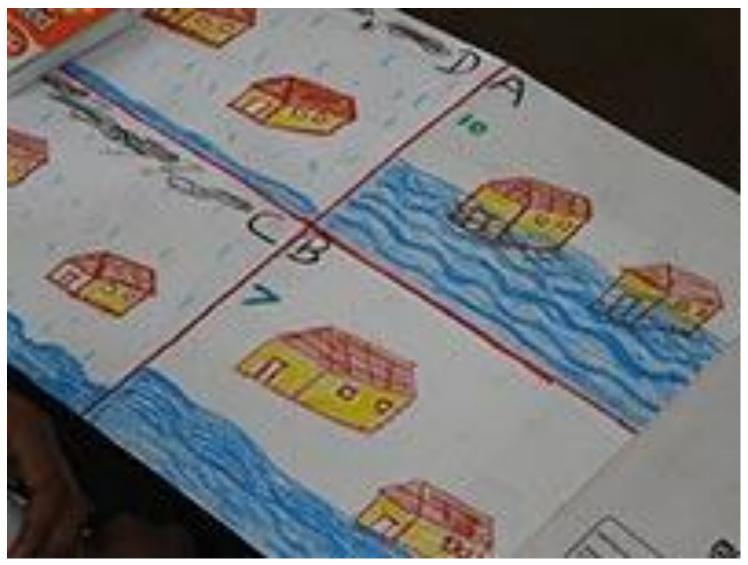


✓ Also, drawings are used for effective reprocessing with patients with lower levels of literacy (F. Shapiro, 2016).

Shapiro, F. (2016). Clinician's Corner: EMDR Therapy. *International Society for Traumotic Stress Studies*. Stress Points.

✓ Clients afraid to have in their hands a crayon or pencil, like women from Iraq that are punished with the dead penalty if receive education, can use a Sandbox.





SRI LANKA. AFTER JULY, 2017 FLOODS.



✓ The BH instruction: "Stop when you feel in your body that it has been enough and lower your hands to your thighs", allows for enough sets of BLS for reprocessing the traumatic material and helps to regulate the stimulation in order to maintain the patients in their window of tolerance allowing for appropriate reprocessing.



The EMDR-IGTP has SEVEN of bilateral sets stimulation for disturbing memory reprocessing using the Butterfly Hug.





SRI LANKA. AFTER JULY, 2017 FLOODS.



✓ Intensive EMDR Therapy: Therapy can be done on subsequent days, two or three times a day, and there is no need for homework between sessions.



#### **INTENSIVE EMDR THERAPY**

Evidence suggest that more frequent scheduling of treatment sessions maximized PTSD treatment outcomes.

Gutner et al. (2016).

Gutner, C. A., Suvak, M. K., Sloan, D. M., & Resick, P. A. (2016). Does timing matter? Examining the impact of session timing on outcome. *Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology*, 84, 1108–1115.





EMDR-IGTP-OTS INTENSIVE THERAPY. SIX ADMINISTRATIONS IN TWO DAYS.
TRAUMA RECOVERY AND RESEARCH (RCT) PROJECT WITH 65 FEMALE PATIENTS WITH CANCER AND PTSD. PUEBLA, MEXICO. AUGUST, 2017



EMDR-IGTP-OTS INTENSIVE THERAPY. SIX ADMINISTRATIONS IN TWO DAYS. TRAUMA RECOVERY AND RESEARCH PROJECT WITH FEMALE PATIENTS WITH CANCER AND PTSD SYPTOMS. MONTERREY, MEXICO. 2014



#### **PROTOCOL ADVANTAGES (cont.)**

✓ Equally effective cross-culturally.

EMDR-IGTP reduce cultural resistance, even to members of reticence cultures, treatment because is minimally intrusive, does not require creating a narrative of the traumatic experience, verbal or written disclosure of details, prolonged reliving traumatic experiences, or homework.





ZAMBIA, AFRICA. SEPTEMBER 2017 COURTESY OF ELLEN PACE

#### **PROTOCOL ADVANTAGES (cont.)**

**√** Cost-effective. People are treated more quickly, with fewer therapist, and involving larger segments of the community.





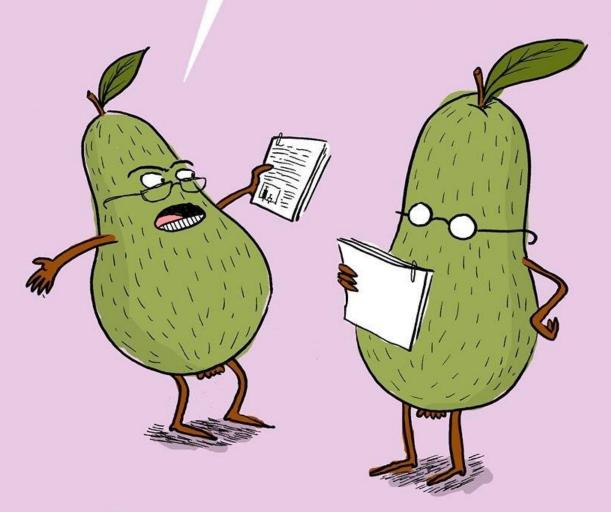
SRI LANKA. AFTER JULY, 2017 FLOODS.



## EMDR-IGTP EFFECTIVENESS



#### This manuscript is horrendous!



#### PEAR REVIEW



## EMDR-IGTP META-ANALYTIC REVIEW



The Department of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry and Psychotherapy, University Hospital ULM from Germany (2017), conducted a meta-analytic review of 36 studies, on n = 3,260 children and adolescents who had all experienced or witnessed a mass traumatic event to investigate specific psychosocial treatments for children and adolescents after man-made and natural disasters.

Brown et al (2017). Psychosocial interventions for children and adolescents after man-made and natural disasters: a meta-analysis and systematic review. Psychological Medicine, Cambridge University Press.



EMDR Therapy in individual and group (specifically the **EMDR-IGTP)** formats showed to be very effective in prepost comparisons and more effective than (waitlist) control groups.

Brown et al (2017). Psychosocial interventions for children and adolescents after man-made and natural disasters: a meta-analysis and systematic review. Psychological Medicine, Cambridge University Press.





**MANIZALES-COLOMBIA-EMDR CLINICIANS-2017** 

#### **EMDR-IGTP-OTS**

RCT on the Provision of the EMDR Integrative Group Treatment Protocol Adapted for Ongoing Traumatic Stress to Female Patients with Cancer-Related PTSD.

Coordinate by Dr. Amalia Osorio



In this RCT using a wait-list control design, the EMDR-**IGTP-OTS** was administered for two consecutive days, three times a day in a hospital setting.

Jarero, I., Givaudan, M., Osorio, A. (in press). Randomized Controlled Trial on the Provision of the EMDR Integrative Group Treatment Protocol Adapted for Ongoing Traumatic Stress to Patients with Cancer. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research.* 

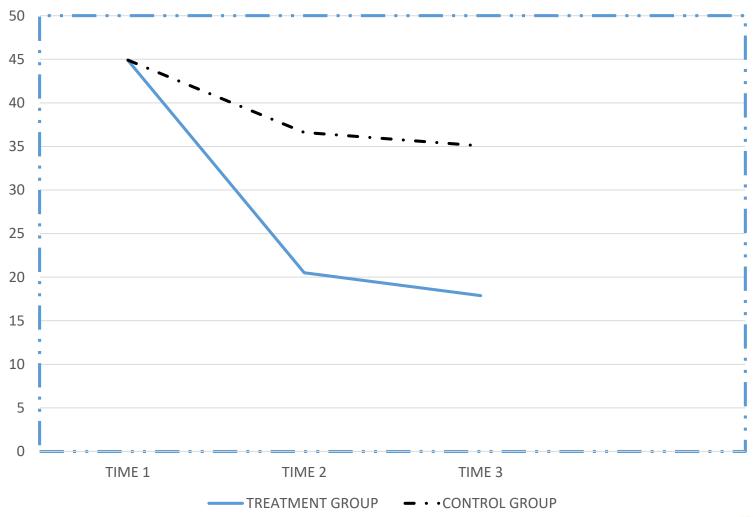


Data analysis by repeated measures ANOVA revealed a significant decrease group (N=35)treatment compared with no-treatment control group (N=30) in PTSD, **Anxiety** and **Depression** symptoms after the treatment.

Jarero, I., Givaudan, M., Osorio, A. (in press). Randomized Controlled Trial on the Provision of the EMDR Integrative Group Treatment Protocol Adapted for Ongoing Traumatic Stress to Female Patients with Cancer-Related Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Symptoms. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*.

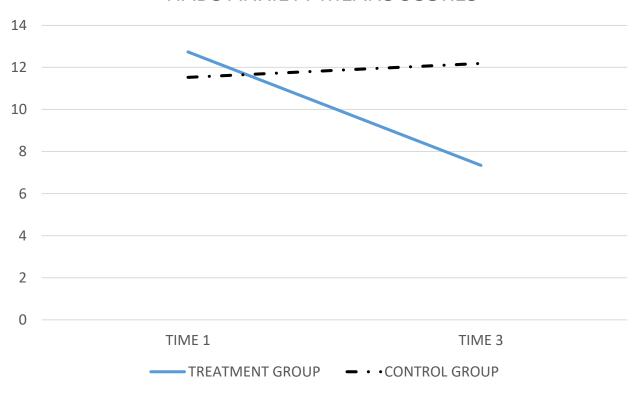


#### PCL-5 MEANS SCORES

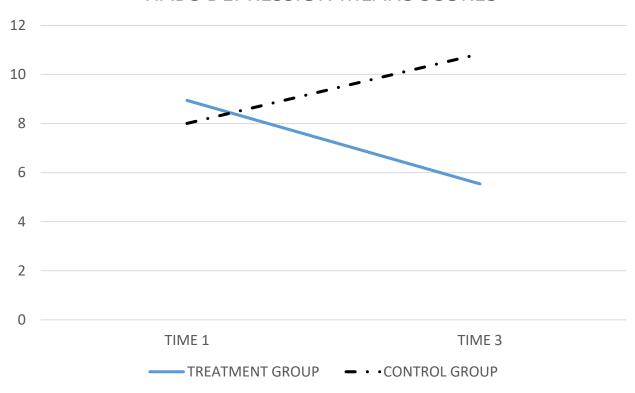




#### HADS ANXIETY MEANS SCORES



#### HADS DEPRESSION MEANS SCORES



#### This study suggests that EMDR-IGTP-OTS may be an efficient and effective way to address cancer-related posttraumatic, depressive, and anxious symptoms.

Jarero, I., Givaudan, M., Osorio, A. (in press). Randomized Controlled Trial on the Provision of the EMDR Integrative Group Treatment Protocol Adapted for Ongoing Traumatic Stress to Patients with Cancer. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research.* 





## EMDR-IGTP STUDIES AROUND THE WORLD



The EMDR-IGTP has been used in its original format or with adaptations to suit the cultural circumstances, in numerous places around the world.

Jarero, I., Artigas, L., Uribe, S., Miranda, A. (2014). EMDR Therapy Humanitarian Trauma Recovery Interventions in Latin America and the Caribbean.

Journal of EMDR Practice and Research, 8(4), 260-268.

- With children and adults after natural or man-made disasters.
- ➤ With children during ongoing war trauma.
- >With war refugee children.
- With adults during ongoing geopolitical crisis.

Jarero, I., Artigas, L., Uribe, S., Miranda, A. (2014). EMDR Therapy Humanitarian Trauma Recovery Interventions in Latin America and the Caribbean. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*, 8(4), 260-268.





MANIZALES-COLOMBIA-2017. EMDR-IGTP WITH FLOOD SURVIVOR'S

- With Children victims of severe interpersonal violence.
- To reduce work-related PTSD symptoms of NGO's staff members who provide care to children and adolescents with severe interpersonal trauma.

Jarero, I., Artigas, L., Uribe, S., Miranda, A. (2014). EMDR Therapy Humanitarian Trauma Recovery Interventions in Latin America and the Caribbean. *Journal of EMDR Practice and Research*, 8(4), 260-268.





#### HAITI 2017 . EMDR-IGTP WITH HURRICANE MATTHEW SURVIVOR'S



> With cancer-related PTSD, anxiety and depression symptoms in female adult patients.



> With cancer-related PTSD, anxiety and depression symptoms in adolescents and young adults patients.





EMDR-IGTP-OTS INTENSIVE THERAPY. SIX ADMINISTRATIONS IN TWO DAYS. TRAUMA RECOVERY AND RESEARCH PROJECT WITH FEMALE PATIENTS WITH CANCER AND PTSD SYPTOMS. MONTERREY, MEXICO. 2014





TRAUMA RECOVERY AND RESEARCH (RCT) PROJECT WITH FEMALE PATIENTS WITH CANCER AND PTSD. PUEBLA, MEXICO. AUGUST, 2017

- >With Victims.
- In work accidents that produce Acute Stress Disorder.



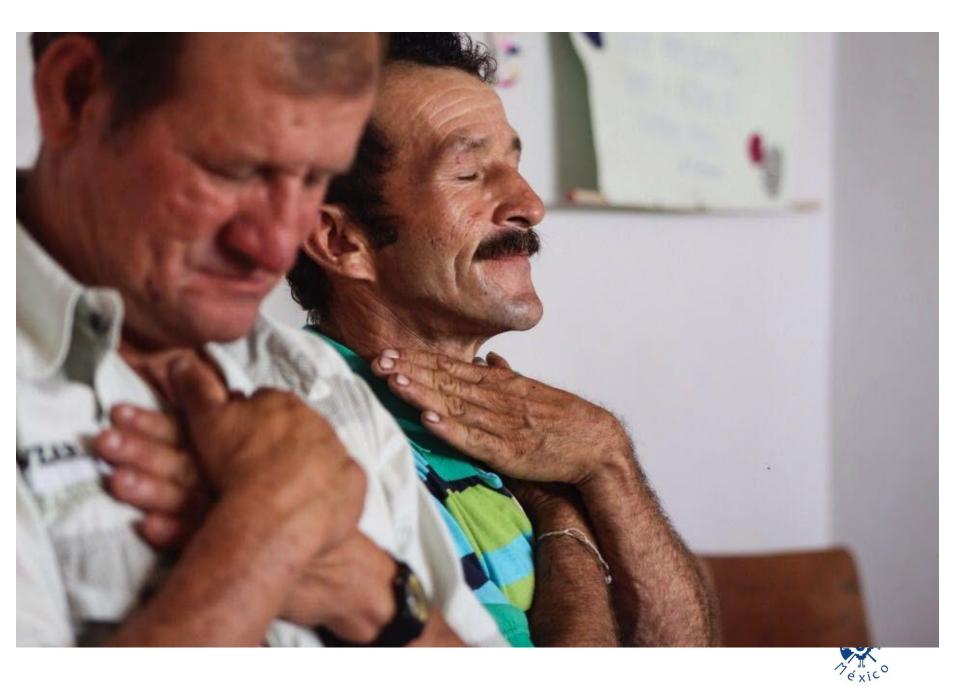
Rape



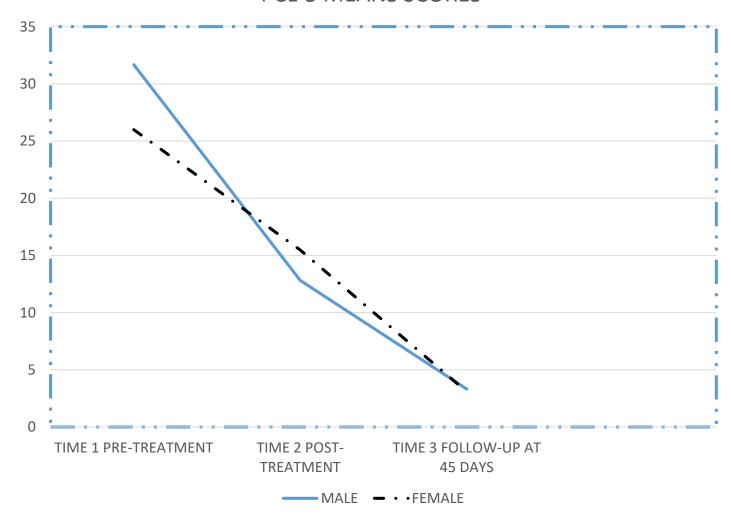


>With survivors of years-long **50** internal armed conflict Colombia.





#### PCL-5 MEANS SCORES



#### **EL VERGEL COLOMBIA. 74 ADULT MALE AND FEMALE**

# With caregivers of patients with dementia.

Passoni, S., Curinga, T., Toraldo, A., Berlingeri, M., Fernandez, I., Bottini, G. (2018). Eye Movement Desensitization and Reprocessing Integrative Group Treatment Protocol (EMDR-IGTP) applied to caregivers of patients with dementia.

Frontiers in Psychology. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2018.00833

#### **EMDR-IGTP-OTS**

### ONGOING AND PLANNED RESEARCH PROJECTS

2017-2018



#### **ARGENTINA**

Planned Controlled Study with NGO staff members who provide care to clients exposed to physical and/or sexual violence and/or negligence.

**Coordinated by Sandra Baita** 



#### **MÉXICO**

➤ Ongoing Controlled study with adolescents and young adult patients with cancer-related PTSD, anxiety and depression symptoms.

Coordinated by Dr. Amalia Osorio



#### **MÉXICO**

Planned Controlled study with primary care-givers (e.g., family members) of children and adolescents with cancer.

Coordinated by Dr. Amalia Osorio



#### **SPAIN**

Ongoing RCT with patients with full PTSD cancer-related diagnosis.

#### **Coordinated by Shaila Romero**



#### **UNITED STATES OF AMERICA**

➤ Planned field study with NGO staff members who provide care to refugee clients.

> Planned field study for resettled refugees.

#### **Coordinated by Kelly Smyth-Dent**

#### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

>Ongoing field study with NGO staff members who provide care to clients exposed to rape or domestic violence.

#### **Coordinated by Rick Levinson**



#### **UNITED KINGDOM**

> Planned study with military veterans.

**Coordinated by Sylvia Davies** 



## If you have interest in conducting research using this protocol, please send me an email to

#### nachojarero@yahoo.com

